



MALARIA IN PREGNANCY

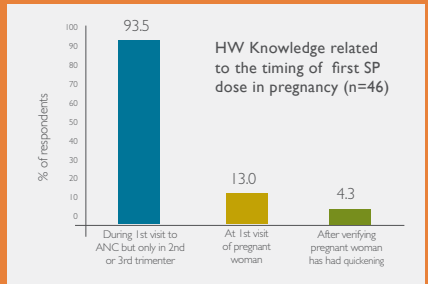
By integrating malaria prevention and treatment into existing maternal health programs, MSH ensures that pregnant women receive the care and information needed to keep themselves and their babies healthy.

USAID-funded, MSH-led projects include:

- The **Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC)-Integrated Health Project (IHP)** distributed more than **2-million insecticide-treated bed nets** to pregnant women and children under five.
- **STRIDES for Family Health** in Uganda increased the proportion of pregnant women who received two or more doses of Sulfadoxine-Pyrimethamine (SP) from **35 percent** to **53 percent**.

- **African Strategies for Health (ASH)** assessed facility-based factors that influence the coverage of Intermittent Preventive Treatment during Pregnancy (IPTp) among pregnant women in Uganda.

Facility-level factors influencing the uptake of IPTp for malaria in pregnant women.



— Conducted by ASH in Uganda