



CASE MANAGEMENT FOR MALARIA

MSH improves the diagnosis and treatment of malaria in women and children at all levels of the health system and through approaches such as integrated community case management (iCCM).

USAID-funded, MSH-led projects include:

- The **Accelerating the Reduction of Malaria Morbidity and Mortality (ARM3)** project in Benin introduced the Emergency Triage, Assessment, and Treatment (ETAT) standards to improve the case management of severe malaria. From 2013 to 2014, the proportion of *children 0-59 months evaluated using ETAT* increased from **2.9 percent** to **91.6 percent**.
- MSH, with a subgrant from USAID's **Translating Research into Action (TRAction)** project, developed a tool to estimate the costs of iCCM programs. The tool has been used for impact estimates to develop cases for iCCM investment in Burkina Faso and Nigeria.

- **Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC)-Integrated Health Project (IHP)**. iCCM sites tested and treated more than **346,000 cases of diarrhea, pneumonia, and malaria in children under five** from 2010 to 2015.

DRC-IHP: Bringing essential care close to home.

